## **EASTMAN**



# Higher-yield workflow

Until now, processing bottlenecks have been the unfortunate trade-offs for producing clear blood therapy surgical devices from polycarbonate (PC) resin.

Eastman Tritan™ copolyester can eliminate the secondary annealing step required to reduce potential stress cracking issues in PC—and virtually eliminate the extra time and energy required by this costly bottleneck. Because parts made with Tritan can be molded with insignificant inherent stress, there is less risk of environmental stress cracking (ESC) during production or final use.

In addition to eliminating annealing from your workflow, Eastman Tritan™ copolyester offers additional benefits to improve yield while reducing overall system cost:

- · Good resin flow
- Reduced black specks and flow marks
- Best-in-class chemical resistance to improve yield during secondary operations, such as solvent bonding of polyvinyl chloride (PVC) tubes with device connectors
- Toughness to withstand the demand of common secondary operations

The processability and tooling for Eastman Tritan™ copolyester are similar to PC but with no sacrifice of chemical resistance, durability, clarity, and sustainability.

# It's hard to resist the bottom-line benefits of Eastman Tritan™ copolyester.



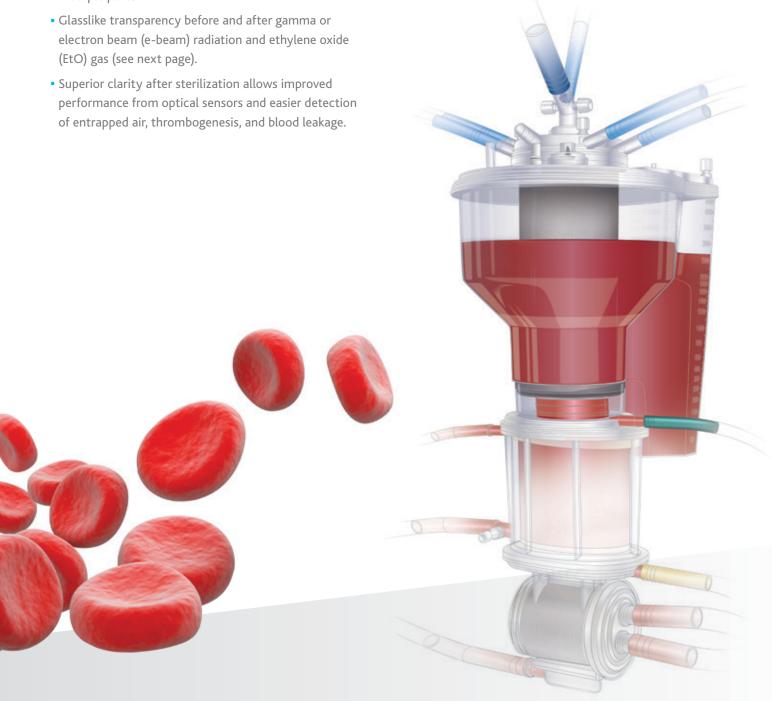
## Clearer view of blood flow

In addition to clear advantages in processability, final products molded from Eastman Tritan™ copolyester also provide functional advantages related to chemical resistance and clarity:

- Chemical resistance helps devices retain aesthetic and functional integrity after exposure to blood, lipids, and aggressive disinfectants.
- Toughness of Tritan provides durability during shipping and handling—especially valuable for devices with multiple ports.

All this, plus freedom from bisphenol A (BPA), makes Eastman Tritan™ copolyester ideal for many blood therapy and blood management devices, including:

- *Surgical devices*, such as oxygenators, bubble traps, hematological reservoirs, and housings for hematological filters and cardioplegia filters.
- **Blood management devices**, including centrifuge bowls, blood separation cassettes, and blood microfilters.



# It's easy to see the advantages of chemical resistance and clarity

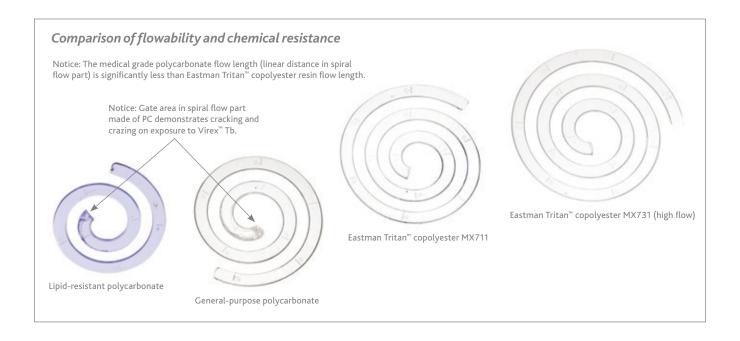
Eastman Tritan™ copolyester creates value advantages over PC and other materials by reducing total system cost without sacrificing performance and aesthetics.

#### Clearly exceptional chemical resistance

Blood therapy devices molded from Eastman Tritan™ copolyester offer best-in-class resistance to blood, lipids, and a wide range of aggressive disinfectants. The improved

chemical resistance of Tritan also means improved ESC resistance during solvent bonding that uses cyclohexanone, as well as other solvents.

The following spiral flow pictures highlight the combination of chemical resistance and good flow properties. All test spirals were dipped in Virex<sup>™</sup> Tb, a common medical disinfectant, demonstrating how residual stress can cause cracking in molded parts on exposure to chemicals and disinfectants.



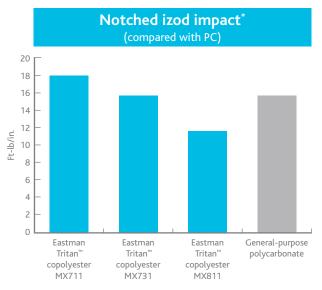


# Chemical resistance with externally applied stress

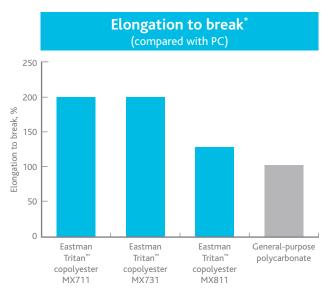
The photo on the left demonstrates the excellent ESC resistance of Eastman Tritan™ copolyester. An external stress was applied to the plaques pictured, and then each plaque was exposed to Virex™ Tb. You can see that Tritan resists craze and crack initiation and propagation, maintaining the physical integrity of the molded part.

### **Outstanding impact strength** and toughness

Eastman Tritan™ copolyester compares favorably with PC for both major toughness metrics—and offers significantly greater impact strength than other common thermoplastics, such as acrylics, styrenic copolymers, and polyolefins.



\*Izod impact strength, notched @ 23°C (73°F) ASTM D256



\*Tensile elongation to break @ 23°C (73°F) ASTM D638

#### Retains clarity, color, and strength after sterilization

Compared with polymers that shift color significantly after sterilization—or become opaque and hazy—Eastman Tritan™ copolyester provides superior retention of color and clarity. See the following photo for an actual comparison of Tritan with lipid-resistant polycarbonate and general-purpose PC after sterilization.

#### Less color shift—better aesthetics and patient confidence



Eastman Tritan™ copolyester shows minimal color shift and returns to original color in 14 days. Acrylic and PC have significant color shifts after exposure to gamma radiation.

### **Black specks**

Eastman Tritan™ copolyester processes with less risk of black speck formation when compared to PC. The presence of black specks in medical devices is considered undesirable.

Resulting black specks can be expensive for device manufacturers, particularly when devices are rejected by hospitals or clinics due to this defect.

Internal testing demonstrates that PC has an increased propensity to char, resulting in black specks in molded parts. Tritan does not have this propensity to char, resulting in significantly fewer defects.



General-purpose polycarbonate



# Improving products while improving sustainability

Eastman understands many brand owners and manufacturers of blood therapy devices are working toward sustainability goals.

Many health care facilities have likewise implemented Environmentally Preferable Purchasing (EPP) guidelines to reduce their overall environmental impact and improve patient safety.

Eastman Tritan™ copolyester provides a material that can be molded into parts with sustainability advantages:

- · Durability allows the potential for less packaging.
- Made without BPA or halogens and is not manufactured with ortho-phthalates
- Free of chlorine—reduces a potential generation of hazardous pollutants during incineration
- Lower specific gravity—2% less weight than PC
- Toughness of devices made from Tritan results in less breakage during shipping and handling—potentially reducing protective packaging requirements and waste.

# Helping you shape what's next

Eastman Chemical Company has a tradition of innovation. For more than 70 years, Eastman has been helping customers develop innovative products—then bring them to market efficiently.

Today, as always, Eastman is committed to the long-term needs of the medical industry. Eastman is a reliable supplier of technical support and a robust portfolio of Eastman™ medical polymers for medical devices and rigid medical packaging.

Eastman is always prepared to leverage its industry understanding, design capability, and engineering and manufacturing expertise to help customers shape what's next.

This may include investigating design potentials that are simply not possible with PC or other less-forgiving resins. Or it may include collaboration and support with 501(k) submissions or other compliance issues.





### **EASTMAN**

## Eastman Chemical Company Corporate Headquarters

P.O. Box 431 Kingsport, TN 37662-5280 U.S.A.

Telephone:

U.S.A. and Canada, 800-EASTMAN (800-327-8626) Other Locations, (1) 423-229-2000 Fax: (1) 423-229-1193

#### Eastman Chemical Latin America

9155 South Dadeland Blvd. Suite 1116 Miami, FL 33156 U.S.A.

Telephone: (1) 305-671-2800 Fax: (1) 305-671-2805

#### Eastman Chemical B.V.

Fascinatio Boulevard 602-614 2909 VA Capelle aan den IJssel The Netherlands

Telephone: (31) 10 2402 111 Fax: (31) 10 2402 100

#### Eastman (Shanghai) Chemical Commercial Company, Ltd. Jingan Branch

1206, CITIC Square No. 1168 Nanjing Road (W) Shanghai 200041, P.R. China

Telephone: (86) 21 6120-8700 Fax: (86) 21 5213-5255

#### Eastman Chemical Japan Ltd.

MetLife Aoyama Building 5F 2-11-16 Minami Aoyama Minato-ku, Tokyo 107-0062 Japan

Telephone: (81) 3-3475-9510 Fax: (81) 3-3475-9515

#### Eastman Chemical Asia Pacific Pte. Ltd.

#05-04 Winsland House 3 Killiney Road Singapore 239519

Telephone: (65) 6831-3100 Fax: (65) 6732-4930

www.eastman.com

Material Safety Data Sheets providing safety precautions that should be observed when handling and storing Eastman products are available online or by request. You should obtain and review the available material safety information before handling any of these products. If any materials mentioned are not Eastman products, appropriate industrial hygiene and other safety precautions recommended by their manufacturers should be observed.

It is the responsibility of the medical device manufacturer ("Manufacturer") to determine the suitability of all component parts and raw materials, including any Eastman product, used in its final product to ensure safety and compliance with requirements of the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA) or other international regulatory agencies.

Eastman products have not been designed for nor are they promoted for end uses that would be categorized either by the United States FDA or by the International Standards Organization (ISO) as implant devices. Eastman products are not intended for use in the following applications: (1) in any bodily implant applications for greater than 30 days, based on FDA-Modified ISO-10993, Part 1, "Biological Evaluation of Medical Devices" tests (including any cosmetic, reconstructive, or reproductive implant applications); (2) in any cardiac prosthetic device application, regardless of the length of time involved, including, without limitation, pacemaker leads and devices, artificial hearts, heart valves, intra-aortic balloons and control systems, and ventricular bypass assisted devices; or (3) as any critical component in any medical device that supports or sustains human life.

For manufacturers of medical devices, biological evaluation of medical devices is performed to determine the potential toxicity resulting from contact of the component materials of the device with the body. The ranges of tests under FDA-Modified ISO-10993, Part 1, "Biological Evaluation of Medical Devices" include cytotoxicity, sensitization, irritation or intracutaneous reactivity, systemic toxicity (acute), subchronic toxicity (subacute), implantation, and hemocompatibility. For Eastman products offered for the medical market, limited testing information is available on request. The Manufacturer of the medical device is responsible for the biological evaluation of the finished medical device.

The suitability of an Eastman product in a given end-use environment is dependent on various conditions including, without limitation, chemical compatibility, temperature, part design, sterilization method, residual stresses, and external loads. It is the responsibility of the Manufacturer to evaluate its final product under actual end-use requirements and to adequately advise and warn purchasers and users thereof.

Eastman and Tritan are trademarks of Eastman Chemical Company

Virex is a trademark of Diversey, Inc.

© Eastman Chemical Company, 2012.